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## DIRECTION

Direction is the measurement of position of one object with respect to another and displacement is the minimum distance between the starting point and final point of an object.

## Main Direction

There are four main Directions - East, West, North and South as shown below:


## Cardinal Direction

A direction between two main directions is called cardinal direction or sub direction, i.e. North-East (N-E), North-West (N-W), South-East (S-E), and South-West (S-W) as shown below:


## Angle of Movement

(i) Movement towards the right is called clockwise (CW) movement
(ii) Movement towards the left is called anti - clockwise (ACW) movement


## PRACTICE EXERCISE

1. $A$ is 40 m south west of $B$. $C$ is 40 m south- east of $B$. Then, $C$ is in which Direction of $A$ ?
(a) East
(b) West
(c) North- east
(d) South
2. Gaurav walks 20 metres towards North. He turns left and walks 40 metres. He again turns left and walks 20 metres further; he moves 20 metres after turning to the right. How far is he from his original position?
(a) 20 metres
(c) 50 metres
(b) 30 metres
(d) 60 metres
3. My friend and I started walking simultaneously towards each other from two places 100 metre apart. After walking 30 metre, my friend turns left and goes 10 metre, them he
turns right and goes 20 metre and then turns right again and comes back to the road on which he had started. If we walk with the same speed. What is the distance between us at this point of time?
(a) 50 metre
(b) 20 metre
(c) 30 metre
(d) 40 metre
4. A man walks 1 km towards East and then he turns to south and walks 5 km . Again he turns to east and walks 2 km , after this, he turns to north and walks 9 km . How far is he from his starting point?
(a) 3 km
(c) 5 km
(b) 4 km
(d) 7 km
5. One morning after 'Sunrise' Gopal was facing a pole. The shadow of the pole fell exactly to his right. Which direction was he facing?
(a) South
(b) East
(c) West
(d) Date in a equated
6. $B$ is to the south west of $A ; C$ is to the east of $B$ and south - east of $A, D$ is to the North of $C$ in line with BA. In which direction of $A$ is $D$ located?
(a) North
(b) South
(c) South east
(d) North east
(e) none of these
7. While facing east you turn to your left and walk 10 metres, then turn your left and walk 10 metre and now you turn 45 degree towards your right and walk straight to cover 25 metre now in which direction are you from your straight point?
(a) North east
(d) North west
(b) South west
(e) East
(c) South east
8. If south- east become north, North- east becomes west and so - on what will west become?
(a) North-East
(b) South-East
(c) South
(d) South west
(e) North - west
9. From his house Pravesh went 15 km to the North. Then he turned west and covered 10 km then, he turned south and covered 5 km . Finally turning to east, he covered 10 km . In which direction is his from his house?
(a) East
(b) West
(c) North
(d) south
10. A man is facing west. He turned 45 degree in the clock wise direction and then another 180 degree in same direction and then 270 degree in the anti clock wise direction, which direction is he facing now
(a) South
(b) North - West
(c) West
(d) South West
11. A watch reads $4: 30$. If the minute hand points east, in which direction will the hour hand point?
(a) South - East
(b) North - East
(c) North
(d) North - West
12. Kailash walks 3 km to East and turns south and walks 4 km . Again turns west and walks 6 km . How far is he from the starting point?
(a) 7 km
(b) 5 km
(c) 3 km
(d) None of the above
13. One morning after sunshine Shivani and Shivangi were talking to each other face to face at the park. If Shivani's shadow was exactly to the right of Shivangi, which direction Shivani was facing?
(a) South
(b) East
(c) west
(d) north
14. You go north, turn right, then right again and then go to the left. In which direction are you now?
(a) North
(b) South
(c) East
(d) West
15. Ahmedabad is to the southwest of Bangalore, Chennai is to the east of Ahmedabad and southeast of Bangalore and Delhi is to the north of Chennai in line with AhmedabadBangalore. In which direction of Bangalore is Delhi located?
A. South
B. Southwest
C. North
D. Northeast
E. East

## ANSWER

1. (a) 2. (d) $3 .(\mathrm{b}) \quad$ 4. (c) $\quad$ 5. (a) $\quad$ 6. (d) $\quad$ 7. (d) $\quad$ 8. (b) $\quad$ 9. (c) $\quad$ 10. (d) $\quad$ 11(b)
2. (b) 13.(d) 14.(c) 15.(d)

## CODING \& DE-CODING TEST

1. $\mathrm{CAT}=24 \quad \mathrm{BAT}=23 \mathrm{RAT}=$
(a) 39 (b) 48 (c). 84 (d) 15
2. $\mathrm{CAT}=48 \mathrm{BAT}=46 \mathrm{RAT}=$
(a)87 (b) 37 (c) 78 (d) None
3. $\mathrm{CAT}=84 \mathrm{BAT}=64 \mathrm{RAT}=$ $\qquad$
(a)87 (b)78 (c) 98 (d) 33
4. CAT 32 BAT $=24$ RAT= $\qquad$ (a)65 (b)56 (c) 79 (d)33
5. $\mathrm{CAT}=60 \mathrm{BAT}=40 \mathrm{RAT}=$ $\qquad$ (a)603 (b) 360 (c) 932 (d) 117
6. $\mathrm{CAT}=120 \mathrm{BAT}=80 \mathrm{RAT}=$ $\qquad$
(a)360
(b) 720
(c) 920 (d) done
7. $\mathrm{CAT}=06 \mathrm{BAT}=04 \mathrm{RAT}=$ $\qquad$
(a)30 (b)19 (c)20 (d) Can't be determine
8. $\mathrm{CAT}=06 \mathrm{BAT}=04 \mathrm{RAT}=$ $\qquad$
(a)36 (b)28 (c)15 (d)29
9. $\mathrm{CAT}=06 \mathrm{BAT}=04 \mathrm{RAT}=$ $\qquad$
(a)09 (b)33 (c)06 (d)51
10. $\mathrm{CAT}=06 \mathrm{BAT}=04 \mathrm{RAT}=$ $\qquad$ (a)18 (b)36 (c)15 (d)19
11. $\mathrm{CAT}=63 \mathrm{BAT}=42 \mathrm{RAT}=$
(a) 378
(b) 783
(c) 778 (d) 117
12. $\mathrm{CAT}=80$ BAT $=60$ RAT $=$ $\qquad$
(a) 803 b. 113 c. $380 \quad$ d. 119
13. $\mathrm{CAT}=01$ BAT $=01$ RAT= $\qquad$
(a) 01
(b) 02
(c) 3
(d) 4
14. $\mathrm{PET}=04 \mathrm{XAL}=02 \mathrm{PGD}=$ $\qquad$
(a)28
(b) 33
(c) 27
(d) 35
15. $P Q R=O P Q Z T S=Y S R \quad S P B=$ $\qquad$
(a) ROA (b) AAR (c) NOA (d) RHH
16. $\mathrm{XYZ}=\mathrm{YXA}$ RST $=\mathrm{SRU} \mathrm{GPB}=$ $\qquad$ (a)HOC (b) HHH (c) SPQ (d) RAT
17. COMPUTER=RETUPMOC

ENCOUNTER= RETNUOCNE
ENLARGE= $\qquad$
(a) EGRALNE
(b) EGRLANE
(c) GERLAEE
(d.) EGRAEN
18. $N D A=Z W M \quad$ SDC $=X W H$ FLAME $=$ $\qquad$
(a)VNZOU
(b) UOZNY
(c) OUNZY
(d) UONZY
19. GOD= TLW SOME= HLNV SHE= $\qquad$
(a)VSH
(b) SHV
(c) HSV
(d) none
20. $\mathrm{AT}=25 \mathrm{TAB}=45 \mathrm{TAC}=$ $\qquad$
(a)65 (b) 45 (c) 44 (d) 95
21. $\mathrm{GO}=32 \mathrm{SHE}=49 \mathrm{SOME}=$ $\qquad$
(a)56
(b) 63
(c) 49
(d) 119
22. RATZ=61 EFGHI=52 EFGH= $\qquad$
(a)16 (b) 61 (c) 19 (d) 43
23. PALAM=34 SANTACRUZ= $\qquad$
(a)114
(b) 123
(c) 213
(d) 312
24. $\mathrm{AX} 4=\mathrm{D} 24 \mathrm{Z}$ BP3= C16Y RA9= -----
(a)I 1 I
(b) 01I
(c) AI9
(d) None
25. RATE $=06$ EASE $=18$ ZAEA= $\qquad$
(a)21 (b) 42 (c) 43 (d) 34

ANSWERS

| 1. (a) | 2. (c) | 3. (a) | 4. (b) | 5. (b) | 6. (b) | 7. (d) | 8. (a) | 9. (a) |
| :--- | ---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 10. (a) | 11. (a) | 12. (c) | 13. (a) | 14. (a) | 15. (a) | 16. (a) | 17. (a) | 18. (a) |
| 19. (c) | 20. (a) | 21. (a) | 22. (a) | 23 (a) | 24. (a) | $25 .(a)$ |  |  |

## PROBLEM ON RANKS

Ranking means arranging a set of objects/persons from the top and the bottom or from the right and the left, as per the given relation between them. It deals with the problem related to the arrangement of the persons/ objects in ascending/ descending order based on different parameters like height, weight, age, salary etc and determine the position of person/object in row/queue.

## PRACTICE EXERCISE

Q1. Arun rank is twelve in a group of forty six students. What will be his rank from the last?
a. $16^{\text {th }}$
b. $17^{\text {th }}$
c. $19^{\text {th }}$
d. None

Q2. In a line of boys, Ganesh is $12^{\text {th }}$ from the left and Rajan is $15^{\text {th }}$ from the right. They interchange their positions. Now Rajan is $20^{\text {th }}$ from the right. What is the total number of boys in the class?
a. 30
b. 29
c. 32
d. 31

Q3. In a row of students, Ramesh is $9^{\text {th }}$ from the left and Suman is $6^{\text {th }}$ from the right. When they both interchange their position then Ramesh will be $15^{\text {th }}$ from the left. What will be the position of Suman from the right?
a. $12^{\text {th }}$
b. $13^{\text {th }}$
c. $15^{\text {th }}$
d. $6^{\text {th }}$

Q4. John ranked $21^{\text {st }}$ in a group of fifty-one students. What will be his rank from the end?
a. $30^{\text {th }}$
b. $32^{\text {nd }}$
c. $20^{\text {th }}$
d. $31^{\text {st }}$
e. $21^{\text {st }}$

Q5. Pravesh ranked thirteen from the top and twenty six from the bottom among those who have passed in the annual examination in a class. It six students have failed in the annual examination. How many students appeared?
a. 45
b. 38
c. 44
d. 50
e. None of these

Q6. Sita is eleventh from either side of a row of girls. How many girls are there in that row?
a. 19
b. 20
c. 21
d. 22
e. 23

Q7. In a class, Ajay is $16^{\text {th }}$ in rank from the top and $21^{\text {st }}$ from the bottom. How many students are there in the class?
a. 34
b. 35
c. 36
d. 37
e. None of these

Q8. Chanchan and Pravesh are ranked 13 and $14^{\text {th }}$ respectively in a class of 23 . What are their ranks from the last respectively?
a. $10^{\text {th }}: 11^{\text {th }}$
b. $11^{\text {th }}: 12^{\text {th }}$
c. $11^{\text {th }}: 10^{\text {th }}$
d. None of these

Q9. If you count 21 letters in the English alphabet from the end, 20 letters from the beginning: which letter will exactly appear in the middle of the sequence thus formed?
a. N
b. L
c. K
d. M

ANSWERS
1(d) $2(\mathrm{~d}) \quad 3(\mathrm{a}) \quad 4(\mathrm{~d}) \quad 5(\mathrm{c}) \quad 6(\mathrm{c}) \quad 7(\mathrm{c}) \quad 8(\mathrm{c}) \quad 9(\mathrm{~d})$

## SITTING ARRANGEMENT

We have to draw a rough diagram to understand the sitting arrangement - let's suppose $B$ is sitting to the right of $A$, and then we will draw


If it is given
C is sitting second to the right of A , and then we will draw


If it is given
D is sitting third to the right of A , and then we will draw


## TYPE I: CIRCULAR ARRANGEMENT



In circular sitting arrangement, some conditions are given. We have to follow those conditions and place the required person accordingly in a circular manner. In circular sitting arrangement, we can get question based on
(a) Persons are facing inside the circle.
(b) Persons are facing outside the circle.
(c) Some persons are facing inside and some are facing outside the circle.

Question Study the given information carefully and answer the following questions. Six army majors are sitting around a circular table and discussing about stopping infiltration across the border. Major Bakshi is sitting between Major Kalia and Major Sodhi. Major Kalia is sitting immediate left of Major Bakshi. Major Kumar is sitting second to the left of Major Kalia. Major Nanda is sitting between Major Kumar and Major Sodhi.
1 - what is the position of Major Batra?
A - Major Batra is sitting between Major Kumar and Major Kalia.
B - Major Batra is sitting to the left of Major Kalia.
C - Major Batra is sitting to the immediate right of Major Kumar.
D - All the above are true.

Answer - Option D

## Explanation -



By applying (CASE 1), (CASE 2), (CASE 3) and (CASE 4), we get


All the options (A),(B) and (C) satisfy our condition. Therefore option (D) is correct. 2 - Who is sitting to the immediate left of Major Kumar?
A - Major Bakshi
B - Major Batra
C - Major Nanda
D - Major Sodhi
Answer - Option C
Explanation - According to the diagram -


By observing the diagram, we can clearly say that Major Nanda is sitting to the immediate left of Major Kumar.
3 - Who is sitting to the immediate right of Major Kalia?
A - Major Nanda
B - Major Kumar
C - Major Kalia
D - Major Bakshi

## Answer - Option D

Explanation - According to the diagram -


By observing the diagram, one can easily conclude that Major Bakshi is sitting to the immediate right of Major Kalia.
4 - Which of the following statement is true?
A - Major Sodhi is sitting second to the left of Major Bakshi.
B - Major Kalia is sitting between Major Nanda and Major Kumar.
C - Major Batra is sitting to the left of Major Kalia.
D - Major Nanda is sitting to the left of Major Kalia.
Answer - Option C
Explanation - According to the diagram -


By observing the diagram, we can conclude that options (A), (B) and (D) do not satisfy the condition. But option (C) does.
5 - How many Majors are sitting between Major Sodhi and Major Kumar, if counted in clockwise direction?
A - Six
B - Two
C - Three
D - Five

## Answer - Option C

Explanation - According to the diagram -


Major Bakshi, Major Kalia and Major Batra are the three majors sitting between Major Sodhi and Major Kumar.
6 - What is Major Batra position with respect to Major Sodhi?
A - Second to the left.
B - Immediate Right.
C - Fourth to the Right.
D - Third to the left.
Answer - Option D
Explanation - According to the diagram


By observing the diagram, we can conclude that Major Bakshi is sitting to the immediate left of Major Sodhi. Major Kalia is sitting to the second left of Major Sodhi and Major Batra is sitting third to the left of Major Sodhi. So, our required answer is option (D).

## TYPE II: LINEAR SITTING ARRANGEMENT



In a linear sitting arrangement, persons are sitting in a line or row facing north or south direction. Here also some conditions are given on the basis of which we have to get our required answer.

## Example

Question - Study the given information carefully and answer the following questions.
Four friends $\mathrm{U}, \mathrm{V}, \mathrm{W}$ and X are sitting in a row and facing towards north direction. U and X are sitting at two extreme ends. $V$ is sitting between $U$ and $W$. $V$ is sitting second to the left of $X$.
$\mathbf{1}$ - Who is sitting to the immediate right of $V$ ?
A - X
B - U
C - W
D - None of these
Answer - Option C
Explanation - According to the diagram


By applying (CASE 1) and (CASE 2), we get


From the diagram, it is clear that W is sitting immediate right of V .

2 - Who is sitting to the immediate left of $X$ ?
A - W
B - U
C - V
D - None of these

## Answer -

Explanation - According to the diagram -


## PRACTICE EXERCISE

Direction: Sidhu, Chinu, Partha, Verma, Nitish, Keshab, Amit and Rashmi are sitting around a circle facing the centre. Nitish is third to the right of Amit who is not an immediate neighbor of either Partha or Rashmi. Partha is second to the left of Rashmi who is third to the left of Sidhu. Chinu is fourth to the right of Rashmi.

Q 1 - Which of the following pairs is the first person sitting to the immediate left of the second person?
A. Verma, Sidhu
B. Keshab, Partha
C. Nitish, Partha
D. Data inadequate

Direction: Nine bus association members Gudu, Rama, Verma, Pratik, Amit, Chatanya, Aayush, Chirag and Dhruv are sitting around a circular table facing the centre. Only two people sit between Pratik and Verma. Pratik sits second to the right of Chaitanya. Neither Chirag nor Amit is an immediate neighbor of Verma or Pratik. Chirag is an immediate neighbor of Amit. Two people sit between Amit and Gudu. Gudu sits third to the left of Aayush. Only one person sits between Verma and Amit. Verma sits second to the right of Ramma.

Q 2 - According to the arrangements, which bus association member sits between Chaitanya and Pratik?
A. Amit
B. Gudu
C. Dhruv
D. Rama

Direction: Seven Bank PO officers H, I, J, K, M, N, 0 are sitting in a straight line facing north direction.
(1) Total three number of Bank PO officers sits between H and N .
(2) Both N and H Bank PO officer sit at extreme ends.
(3) Total two number of Bank PO officers sit between H and O .
(4) M is not an immediate neighbor of H or N.
(5) I sits third to the right of M .
(6) I and H both are not immediate neighbors.

Q 3 - Which of the following statement is true?
$\mathrm{A}-\mathrm{M}$ is an immediate neighbor of J .
$B-K$ is second to the left of $I$.
$\mathrm{C}-\mathrm{H}$ is second to right of J .
Direction: Eight girls Aradhya, Bani, Charu, Damayanti, Elina, Falguni, Gautami and Harshita are standing in a straight line for addressing a seminar on Disaster Management facing the audience. Charu is to the left of Damayanti. Falguni is standing beside Gautami. Falguni is to the right of Bani. Aradhya is to the right of Elina. Only one girl is standing between Charu and Bani. Only one girl is standing between Aradhya and Damayanti. Harshita is standing to the extreme right.

Q 4 - Who among the following is definitely standing at one of the ends?
A - Aradhya
B - Bani
C - Harshita
D-Falguni

Direction: Seven girls Aisha, Bulbul, Chameli, Devyani, Elina, Farha and Gauri are standing in a straight line facing towards north. Farha is to the immediate left of Devyani. Gauri is between Aisha and Elina. Farha and Aisha have one girl between them. Elina and Chameli have two girls between them. Chameli and Bulbul have three girls between them.

Q 5 - Which of the following pairs represent the neighbor of Gauri?
A - Elina, Aisha
B - Farha, Devyani
C - Bulbul, Elina
D - Chameli, Farha

Direction: Six classmates $P, Q, R, S, T$ and $U$ are sitting in a circular table facing the centre. $S$ is to the right of T . R is between P and $\mathrm{Q} . \mathrm{U}$ is between T and P . All the six classmates are facing the centre.

Q 6 - In which of the following combinations the first person is sitting in between the second and the third persons?
A - Q, R, P
B-Q, R, S
C-U, T, S
D - T, S, Q

Direction: Eight friends A, B, C, D, E, F, G and H are sitting around a circular table facing the centre.
(1) $A$ is second to the right of $C$.
(2) B is third to the left of A.
(3) D is third to the left of H .
(5) $E$ is third to the left of $F$.
(4) $G$ is second to the right of $D$.

Q 7 - Who is sitting at third position to the right of H ?
A - B
B - C
C - E
D - A

Direction: Four boys Albert, Billy, Charles, Donald and four girls Isabella, Jessica, Jenifer, and Maria are sitting around a circular table facing the center. Billy is to the left of Isabella. Jennifer is facing Jessica. Albert is to the right of Jennifer. Maria is to the left of Charles. No two boys and two girls are sitting together.

Q 8 - How many people are seated between Jennifer and Charles?
A - None
B-One
C-Two
D - Three

Direction: Five cricketers Jadgish, Aswini, Dhoni, Virat and Raina are sitting around a circular table and having their dinner. Dhoni is sitting opposite of Aswini. Jadgish is sitting right of Dhoni. Virat is sitting opposite of Jadgish. Raina is sitting between Dhoni and Virat.

Q 9 - What is Jadgish's position with respect to Virat if we consider the clockwisedirection?
A - Second to left
B - Second to right
C - Third to left
D - Third to the right

Direction: Eight girls Sophia, Alexis, Grace, Julia, Vanessa, Carolina, Diana and Amy are sitting around a circular table. Each of them are in different jobs that is Sales Manager, Software Engineer, Accountant, Animal Keeper, Army Dentist, Car Mechanic, Chemist and Civil Engineer. Caroline is sitting between Alexis and Grace. Sales Manager is sitting immediate right of Amy, who is a civil engineer. Grace is third to left of Sales Manager but she is neither Software engineer nor Accountant. Venessa is an animal keeper and is sitting immediate right of Army Dentist, who is sitting second to the right of Alex, a software engineer. Accountant is second to the left of software engineer. Diana is a Car Mechanic and is sitting second to the right of Sophia. Caroline is a chemist.

Q 10 - Which girl among the following is a car mechanic?
A - Alexis
B - Vanessa
C - Sophia
D - Diana

## BLOOD RELATION

| Relationship | Terms Used |
| :--- | :--- |
| Father's son or mother's son | Brother |
| Father's daughter or mother's daughter | Sister |
| Mother's brother (younger or elder) | Maternal Uncle |
| Father's brother (younger or elder) | Uncle (Paternal) |
| Father's sister (younger or elder) | Aunt |
| Mother's sister (younger or elder) | Aunt |
| Son's wife | Daughter-in-law |
| Daughter's husband | Son-in-law |
| Sister's husband | Brother-in-law |
| Husband's brother or wife's brother | Brother-in-law |
| Brother's wife | Sister-in-law |
| Husband's sister or wife's sister | Sister-in-law |
| Husband's father or wife's father | Father-in-law |
| Husband's mother or wife's mother | Mother-in-law |
| Brother's son or sister's son | Nephew |
| Brother's daughter or sister's daughter | Niece |
| Uncle's daughter or aunt's daughter | Cousin |
| Uncle's son or aunt's son | Cousin |
| Father's father or mother's father | Grandfather |
| Father's mother or mother's mother | Grandmother |
| Father of grandfather or father of grandmother | Great grandfather |
| Mother of grandfather or Mother of grandmother | Great grandmother |
|  |  |

## PRACTICE EXERCISE

## 1. If B's mother is A's mother's daughter, how is A related to B?

(a) Father
(b) Maternal uncle
(c) Brother
(d) Paternal uncle
2. If the uncle of the father of Rani is the grandson of the father of Anup and Anup is the only son of his father, then what is the relation of Anup with Rani?
(a) Maternal uncle
(b) Great-grandfather
(c) Grandfather
(d) Uncle
3. If $X$ and $Y$ are brothers; $Z$ is sister of $X$; $P$ is brother of $Q$; and $Q$ is daughter of $Y$. Then who is the uncle of P? (UPSC CPF Asst. Comm. 2008)
(a)Z
(b) X
(c) Q
(d) Y
4. $Q$ is the son of $P, S$ is the son of $Q . U$ is the mother of $R, T$ is the spouse of $Q, P$ is the father of $R$ but $R$ is not his son. $V$ is the spouse of $R$. Which one of the following statements is not correct? (UPSC CPF Asst. Comm. 2004)
(a) S is the grandson of P
(b) S is the grandson of U
(c) $V$ is the son-in-law of $P$
(d) V is the son of U
5. Jai's father is Vijay's father's only son and Vijay has neither a brother nor a daughter. What is the relationship between Jai and Vijay?
(a) Uncle-Nephew
(b) Father-Daughter
(c) Father-Son
(d) Cousin
6. Pointing towards a person a man said to a woman, "His mother is the only daughter of your father". How is the woman related to the person?
(a) Daughter
(b) Sister
(c) Mother
(d) Wife
7. Introducing a man, a woman said "His wife is the only daughter of my father". How is that man related to the woman?
(a) Brother
(b) Father-in-law
(c) Maternal Uncle
(d) Husband
8. Showing the man receiving the prize, Saroj said "He is the brother of my uncle's daughter". Who is the man to Saroj?
(a) Son
(b) Brother-in-law
(c) Cousin
(d) Uncle
9. A man pointing to a photograph says "the lady in the photograph is my nephew's maternal grandmother". How is the lady in the photograph related to the man's sister who has no other sister?
(a) Cousin
(b) Sister-in-law
(b) Mother
(d) Mother-in-law
10. While introducing Ajay, Rajeev says that his father is the only son of my mother. How is Rajeev related to Ajay?
(a) Uncle
(b) Maternal
(c) Brother
(d) Father
11. Introducing Asha to guests, Bhaskar said "Her father is the only son of my father." How
is Asha related to Bhaskar?
(a) Daughter
(b) Mother
(b) Sister
(d) Aunt
12. A and $B$ are young ones of $C$. If $C$ is the father of $A$, but $B$ is not the son of $C$. How are $B$ and $C$ related?
(a) Niece and Uncle
(b) Daughter and Father
(c) Niece and Uncle
(d) Daughter and Mother
13. A told $B$ that $C$ is his father's nephew. $D$ is A's cousin but not the brother of $C$. What relationship is there between D and C ?
(a) Cousin
(b) Sister
(c) Aunt
(d) Mother
14. $A$ is the husband of $B, C$ is the daughter of $B, D$ is the sister of $B, E$ is the son of $D$. What is the relationship of $C$ to $E$ ?
(a) Aunt
(b) Niece
(c) Cousin
(d) Sister-in-law
15. Pointing to Sudha, Ranjan said, 'Her mother's only daughter is my mother'. How is Ranjan related to Sudha ?
(a) Nephew
(b) Brother
(c) Cousin
(d) Son
16. Introducing a man to her husband, a woman said his brother's father is the only son of my grandfather. How is the woman related to this man?
(a) Mother
(b) Aunt
(c) Sister
(d) Daughter
17. Showing a lady in the park, Vineet said, 'She is the daughter of my grandfather's only son'. How is Vineet related to the lady?
(a) Brother
(b) Cousin
(c) Father
(d) Uncle
18. $A$ is the son of $B$ and brother of $C$ but $B$ is not the father of $C$ then what is $B$ to $C$ ?
(a)Father
(b) Mother
(c) Sister
(d) Daughter

## ANSWERS

1.(b)
2.(b)


Therefore, X is uncle of P .
4.(d) $Q$ is the son of $P$,

Therefore, Q is a male.
S is the son of Q .
Therefore, S is the grandson of P .
$T$ is wife of $Q$ and mother of $S$.
$P$ is the father of $R$ and $R$ is the daughter of $P$.
$V$ is the husband of $R$.
$U$ is the wife of $P$.
$V$ is son-in-law of $U$.
5.(c) $\overbrace{\mathrm{Jai} \oplus}^{\oplus} \mathrm{V}_{\mathrm{ijay} \text { 's father }} \mathrm{V}_{\mathrm{ijay}}$
$\therefore \quad$ It is clear that Jai - Vijay are father - son.
6.(c) Women's

$\therefore$ Women is the mother of person.
7.(d)

$\therefore$ Man is husband of woman.
8.(b)

$\therefore$ Man is cousin of Saroj.
9.(d)


Lady is the mother of man's sister.
10.(d)

$\therefore$ Rajeev is father of Ajay.
11.(a)


Asha is daughter of bhaskar.
12.(b)

$\because B$ is not the son
$\therefore \mathrm{B}$ is daughter
$\therefore B \& C$ are Daughter and Father respectively.
13.(a)

14.(c)
15.(d) Sudha is Ranjan's mother, therefore he is son of Sudha.
16. (c) Only son of her Grandfather is her father. Man's brother's father means man's father. Thus, she is sister of the man.
17. (a) The lady is Vineet's sister. Thus, Vineet is her brother.
18. (b) B is the mother of C .

## CLASSIFICATION

In this type of test, four words are given. Out of which three are almost same in any way but the balance one is different from the rest. The candidate has to find out the one which is different from the rest.
Under this type three kinds of questions may be asked.

1. Based on words
2. Based on digits
3. Based on letters

Example: Which one of the following words is different from the rest?
(a) Cow
(b) Horse
(c) She - Goat
(d) Lion

Solution - D
Example: Find out the pairs which are different from the others.
(a) Mason - wall
(b) Cobbler - Shoes
(c) Farmer - Crop
(d) Tailor - Dyeing Solution - D

Example: Find out the number which is different from the rest.
(a) 11
(b) 13
(c) 15
(d) 17

Solution - C
Example: Which Group of letters is different from the rest?
(a) LO
(b) MN
(c) GT
(d) FV

Solution - D

## PRACTICE EXERCISE

Direction: In each of the following questions find the word which is different from the rest.
1.
(a) Madam
(b) Eye
(c) Hand
(d) Malayalam
2. (a) Charity
(b) Kindness
(c) Revenge
(d) Love
3. (a) Radish
(b) Carrot
(c) Potato
(d) Cabbage
4. (a) Spinach
(b) Turmeric
(c) Cumin
(d) Coriander
5. (a) Cricket
(b) Badminton
(c) Tennis
(d) Hockey
6. (a) Trumpet
(b) Roar
(c) Shout
(d) Grunt

Direction: Find out the pair which is different from the others in each of the following questions.
7. A. Reward : Punishment
B. Object : Permit
C. Sharp: Blunt
D. Cold: Cool
8. A. $52: 68$
B. $63: 77$
C. $64: 80$
D. 50: 66
9. A. Air and Oxygen
B. Flower and petal

| C. Cloth and Thread D. |  | . Shirt and Tie |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 10. A. $36-5$ | B. 28-4 |  |  |
| B. $77-11$ | C. 91-13 |  |  |
| 11.A. Hard - Soft | B. Pointed - Blunt |  |  |
| C. Long - High | D. Sweet - Sour |  |  |
| 12.A. 11-20 | B. 26-34 | C. $46-37$ | D. 67-76 |
| 13. A. $25-55$ | B. $26-34$ | C. 33-48 | D. 19-61 |
| 14. A. $3-4$ | B. 4-7 | C. 5-13 | D. 20-21 |
| 15. A. BFIK | B. DHKM | C. MQTV | D. PRVX |
| 16. A. UAVBWC | B. CHIDJE | C. XLYMZN | D. PEQFRG |
| 17. A. DCFG | B. FEHI | C. JILM | D. HGIK |
| 18. A. UQMJ | B. ZVRN | C. SOKG | D. TPLH |
| 19. A. AZ | B. DU | C. EV | D. GT |
| 20. A. BED | B. LOT | C. OUT | D. RAT |
| 21. A. ABEG | B. PQTV | C. XYBD | D. JKMO |
| 22. A. 9611 | B. 1754 | C. 7324 | D. 2690 |
| 23. A. 215 | B. 126 | C. 65 | D. 28 |

ANSWERS

| 1. (D) | 7. (D) | 13.(D) | 19. (B) |
| :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- |
| 2. (A) | 8. (B) | $14 .(\mathrm{C})$ | 20. (C) |
| 3. (D) | 9. (D) | $15 .(\mathrm{D})$ | 21. (D) |
| 4. (C) | $10 .(\mathrm{A})$ | $16 .(\mathrm{B})$ | 22. (C) |
| 5. (D) | 11. (C) | $17 .(\mathrm{D})$ | 23. (A) |
| 6. (A) | $12 .(B)$ | $18 .(\mathrm{A})$ |  |

## SERIES COMPLETION

In this type of questions, a series of single, pairs or groups of letters or combinations of letters and numerals is given. The terms of the series form a certain pattern as regards the position of the letters in the English alphabet. The candidate is required to decipher this pattern and accordingly find the missing term or the wrong term in the given series.

## PRACTICE EXERCISE

Direction: (Q. Nos. 1-20) In each of the following question, various terms of an alphabet series are given with one more term missing as shown by (?). Choose the missing terms out of the given alternatives.

1. T, Q, N, K ?
(a) H
(c) G
(b) I
(d) F
2. $\mathrm{A}, \mathrm{D}, \mathrm{H}, \mathrm{M}$, ?, ?
(a) P, T
(c) S, Z
(b) $\mathrm{R}, \mathrm{X}$
(d) T, Y
3. H, V, G, T, F, R, E, P, ?, ?
(a) K, L
(c) C, D
(b) D, N
(d) L, D
4. $\mathrm{X}, \mathrm{Q}, \mathrm{K}, \mathrm{F}$, ?
(a) E
(c) C
(b) B
(d) D
5. A, D, E, H, I, L, ?, ?
(a) M, P
(c) $\mathrm{M}, \mathrm{O}$
(b) $\mathrm{M}, \mathrm{N}$
(d) $M, Q$
6. W, T, P, M, I, F, B,?, ?
(a) Z, V
(c) $\mathrm{Y}, \mathrm{U}$
(b) X, U
(d) Y,V
7. Z, A, U, F, P, ?
(a) K
(c) N
(b) M
(d) 0
8. CE, GI, KM, OQ ?
(a) TW
(c) SU
(b) TV
(d) RT
9. TU, ?, NO, XY
(a) IJ
(c) DF
(b) FG
(d) DE
10. LT, MS, NR, OQ,?
(a) LP
(c) PR
(b) QP
(d) PP
11. FD, HF, KH, OJ, ?
(a) GH
(c) RS
(b) EF
(d) TL
12. AC, FH, KM, PR, ?
(a) UX
(c) UW
(b) TV
(d) VW
13. DF, GJ, KM, NQ, RT, ?
(a) UX
(c) YZ
(b) UW
(d) XZ
14. BEG, DGI, FIK, HKM, ?
(a) JNP
(c) JMO
(b) NMO
(d) KLO
15. CPK, FSN, IVQ, LYT
(a) OBY
(c) PCY
(b) PCX
(d) OBW
16. AEN, MQZ, CGP ?
(a)OSB
(c) MPX
(b) PUE
(d) OTC
17. DKY, FJW, HIU, JHS,?
(a) LFQ
(c) KGR
(b) LGQ
(d) KFR
18. BMK, DLM, FKO, HJQ,?
(a) JHS
(c) JGK
(b) JIS
(d) JIR
19. RTM, QRJ, PPG, OND, ?
(a) NLZ
(c) MKB
(b) MMZ
(d) NLA
20. AZY, EXW, IVU, ?
(a) MTS
(c) NRQ
(b) MQR
(d) LST

ANSWERS

| 1(a) | $2(\mathrm{c})$ | $3(\mathrm{~b})$ | $4(\mathrm{~b})$ | $5(\mathrm{a})$ | $6(\mathrm{c})$ | $7(\mathrm{a})$ | $8(\mathrm{c})$ | $9(\mathrm{~d})$ |
| :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | 11(d) $12(\mathrm{c}) 13(\mathrm{a}) \quad 14(\mathrm{c}) \quad 15(\mathrm{~d}) \quad 16(\mathrm{a}) \quad 17(\mathrm{~b}) \quad 18(\mathrm{~b}) \quad 19(\mathrm{~d}) 20(\mathrm{a})$

## SYMBOLS AND NOTATIONS

First we should know some mathematics operations, like additions ( + ), Subtraction ( - ), Multiplication $(x)$ division $(\div)$, signs like greater than ( $(>)$, less than $(<)$ and equal to $(=)$ etc. This test is formulated to judge candidate's skills in mathematical operations using artificial symbols. You are requested to substitute the real signs and solve the questions accordingly.

## PRACTICE EXERCISE

## TYPE I

Q1. If + means $\div,-$ means $x$, $x$ means,$+ \div$ means - , then give the value for
$45+9-3 \times 15 \div 2$
(a) 40
(b) 36
(c) 56
(28)

Q2. If ' $x$ ' means ' + ', ' + ' means ' $\div$ ' ' - ' means ' $x$ ' $\Varangle \div$ ' means $(-)$ then
$6 \times 4-5+2 \div 1=$ ?
(a) 10
(b) 11
(c) 12
(d) 15

Q3. If P denotes Multiplied by, T denotes 'subtracted from', M denotes 'added to' and B denotes divided by then
12 P 6 M I5 T 16 B 4
(a) 70
(b) 83
(c) 75

## TYPE II

Q4. If signs ' + ' and ' - ' and numbers 4 and 8 interchange between each other, which one of the following four equations would be correct?
(a) $4-8+1=0$
(b) $8+4+12=8$
(c) $4+8-12=16$
(d) $8+4-12=24$

Q5. Which one of the four interchanges in signs and numbers would make the given equation correct? $6 \times 4+2=16$
(a) + and $x, 2$ and 4
(b) $\quad+$ and $x, 4$ and 6
(c) $\quad+$ and $x, 2$ and 6
(d) None of these

Q6. If $5 \times 4=15,7 \times 8=49$ and $6 \times 5=24$
Then $8 \times 4$ is equal to
(a) 24
(b) 26
(c) 28
(d) 30

Q7. If $p$ means - , $q$ means + , $r$ means $\div$, and $s$ means $x$, Then $18 p 6 q 4 s 6 r 2=$ ?
(a) 24
(b) 12
(c) 26
(d) 128

Q8. $9-8-7=876,6-4-2=531$, Then $8-5-3=$ ?
(a) 647
(b) 741
(c) 742
(d) 572

Q9. $5^{*} 3=125,4^{*} 3=64,8 * 2=$ ?
(a) 28
(b) 16
(c) 32
(d) 64

Q10. If $3+9=31,15+12=45$, then $12+27$ is
(a) 94
(b) 14
(c) 49
(d) 53

## ANSWERS

$\begin{array}{lllllllll}1(\mathrm{~d}) & 2(\mathrm{~d}) & 3(\mathrm{~b}) & 4(\mathrm{C}) & 5(\mathrm{~B}) & 6(\mathrm{~A}) & 7(\mathrm{~A}) & 8(\mathrm{C}) & 9(\mathrm{D})\end{array} 10(\mathrm{~A})$

## ANALOGY

"Analogy means 'Similarity". In this type of questions, two objects related in some way are given and another similar relationship has to be identified

## Example

Deep: Shallow: Freedom: $\qquad$
(a) Democracy
(b) Convict
(c) Prison
(d) Discipline

Solution- Deep is the antonym of "Shallow" while "Freedom" is the antonym of "Discipline"

## Example

Best; Worst
Save; Kill
Create; Destroy
Genuine: Authentic: Mirage:_
(a) Image
(b) Transpiration
(c) Reflection
(d) Illusion

## Solution- Illusion is the synonym of mirage

## PRACTICE EXERCISE

## TYPE I - WORD ANOLOGY

1. Planet: Orbit: Projectile:
(a) Trajectory
(b) Milky way
(c) Planet
(d) Path
(e) One of above
2. Cobbler: Leather: Carpenter:
(a) Furniture
(b) Wood
(c) Hammer
(d) Chair
(e) None of these
3. Ocean : Water: Glacier:
(a) Refrigerator
(b) Ice
(c) Mountain
(d) Cave
(e) None of these
4. Soap is related to wash in the same way as Broom is related to
(a) Clean
(b) Dust
(c) Sweep
(d) Floor
(e) None of these
5. Drummer is related to orchestra in the same way as minister is related to
(a) Voter
(b) Constituency
(c) Cabinet
(d) Department
(e) None of these
6. Quail : Partridges : yak: $\qquad$
(a) Cows
(a) Beer
(c) Deer
(d) Oxen
(e) Antelope (f) None of these
7. Boat: Oar : Bicycle: $\qquad$
(a) Road
(b) Wheel
(c) Seat
(d) Paddle
(e) Chain
8. Drop : Ocean : Star
(a) Earth
(b) Sky
(c) Twinkle
(d) Sun
(e) None of these
9. MEAT : VEGETABLE : LIQUOR: $\qquad$
(a) Insane
(b) Tee to taller
(c) Introvert
(d) Foolish
(e) Irrational
10. SHOE : SHINING : PANT : $\qquad$
(a) Stitching
(b) Wearing
(c) Keeping
(d) Buying Washing

## TYPE II - LETTER ANALOGY

11. AZB: ZAY: : RBC :
(a) IYX
(b)STU
(c)WPQ
(d) ABD
12. ERID: DIRE: RIPE:
(a) EPIR
(b)PERI
(c)EPRI
(d)PEIR
(e)IPRE
13. ASK: YQI: NUT: $\qquad$
(a) LRS
(b) RSL
(c) SLR
(d) LSR
(b) None of these
(14) LS: KT: VE: $\qquad$
(a) UF
(b)FU
(c) UG
(d) TF
(e) None of these

## TYPE III - NUMBER ANALOGY

15. 125: 5:: $\qquad$ : 8
(a) 343
(b) 64
(c) 27
(d) 216
(e) None of these
16. 15: 36:: 17: $\qquad$
(a) 64
(b) 36
(c) 49
(d) 36
17. 63: 80: 15:
(a) 24
(b) 12
(c) 42
(d)20
(e)None
18. 13: 17: 23: $\qquad$
(a) 92
(b)30
(c)29
(d) 31
(e) None of these

## ANSWERS

| $1(a)$ | $2(b)$ | $3(b)$ | $4(c)$ | $5(c)$ | $6(d)$ | $7(d)$ | $8(b)$ | $9(b)$ |
| :--- | :--- | :---: | :---: | :--- | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| $10(c)$ | $11(a)$ | $12(a)$ | $13(d)$ | $14(a)$ | $15(e)$ | $16(a)$ | $17(a)$ | $18(d)$ |

## SYNONYMS

A synonym is a word or phrase that means exactly or nearly the same as another lexeme in the same language. Words that are synonyms are said to be synonymous, and the state of being a synonym is called synonymy. For example, the words begin, start, commence, and initiate are all synonyms of one another.

## PRACTICE EXERCISE

Direction: Find out word, which is nearest to the given words:

1. Glad
(a) Sad
(b) Happy
(c) Grief
(d) Sweet
2. Deep
(a)Hollow
(b) Sink
(c) Well
(d) Water
3. Mistake
(a) Error
(b) Steal
(c) Poor
(d) Discipline
4. Leave
(a)Tree
(b) Wood
(c) High
(d) Old
5. Handsome
(a) Ugly
(b) Care
(c) Attractive
(d) Beautiful
6. Fast
(a)Slow
(b) Swift
(c) Dull
(d) Peace
7. Erase
(a)Trace
(b) Soft
(c) Rule
(d) Press
8. Disappoints
(a)Hope
(b) Hopeless
(c) Timid
(d)Regret
9. Difficult
(a)Easy
(b) Hard
(c) Fast
(d) Slow
10. Serene
(a)Calm
(b) Storm
(c) Strive
(d) Noise
11. Catch
(a) Loose
(b) Help
(c) Seize
(d) Fish
12. Little
(a)Giant
(b) Small
(c) Big
(d) Narrow
13. Wise
(a) Sainik
(b) Sorry
(c) Fool
(d) Intelligent
14. Monarch
(a)King
(b) slate
(c) Dump
(d) Store
15. Mortal
(a)Earth
(b) Ocean
(c) Air
(d) Man
16. Sad
(a)Small
(b) Big
(c) Green
(d) Sorrow
17. Judge
(a) Mistake
(b) Lawyer
(c) Judgement
(d) Money
18. Wicked
(a)Son
(b) Friend
(c) Virtuous
(d) Rogue
19. Strawberry
(a)Plum
(b) Mangoes
(c) Oak
(d) Oil
20. Lion
(a)Weak
(b) Brave
(c) Timid
(d) Meat
21. Disease
(a)Sick
(b) Blood Pressure
(c) Child
(d) Gum
22. Book
(a) Library
(b) Mother
(c) Guide
(d) Money
23. Cottage
(a)Palace
(b) School
(c) Hut
(d) Nest
24. Manure
(a)Yield
(b) Green
(c) Increase
(d) Fall
25. Butter
(a)Sweet
(b) Bread
(c) Curd
(d) Tonic

ANSWERS

| $1(\mathrm{~B})$ | $2(\mathrm{C})$ | $3(\mathrm{~A})$ | $4(\mathrm{~A})$ | $5(\mathrm{D})$ | $6(\mathrm{~B})$ | $7(\mathrm{C})$ | $8(\mathrm{~B})$ | $9(\mathrm{~B})$ | $10(\mathrm{~A})$ |
| :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :---: | :--- | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| $11(\mathrm{C})$ | $12(\mathrm{~B})$ | $13(\mathrm{D})$ | $14(\mathrm{~A})$ | $15(\mathrm{D})$ | $16(\mathrm{D}$ | $17(\mathrm{C})$ | $18(\mathrm{D}$ | $19(\mathrm{C})$ | $20(\mathrm{~B})$ |
| $21(\mathrm{~B})$ | $22(\mathrm{~A})$ | $23(\mathrm{D})$ | $24(\mathrm{~A})$ | $25(\mathrm{D})$ | $26(\mathrm{C})$ | $27(\mathrm{~B})$ | $28(\mathrm{~B})$ |  |  |

## SIMILAR WORDS

1. Accuse (Blame)
2. Border ..... (Edge)
3. Amount ..... (Total)
4. Anxious (Worried)
5. Affairs

$\qquad$ ..... (Event)
6. Aim (Purpose)
7. Boundary ..... (Limit)
8. Bribe (Tempt)
9. Ceremonial (Formal)
10. Check ..... (Stop)
11. Comfort ..... (Ease)
12. Confess ..... (Admit)
13. Declare (Announce)
14. Decay ..... (Rot)
15. Consider ..... (Think)
16. Courte (Progress)
17. Desire ..... (Want)
18. Demand ..... (Ask)
19. Develop ..... (Grow)
20. Destructive ..... (Harmful)
21. Earnest. ..... (Serious)
22. Earn ..... (Gain)
23. Exit ..... (Live)
24. Fair ..... (Just)
25. Favour (Support)
26. Fortune ..... (Luck)
27. Gain ..... (Win)
28. Graceful (Charming)
29. Harm (Hurt)
30. Honour ..... (Respect)
31. Imitate ..... (Copy)
32. Increase(Grow)
33. Nuisance (Trouble)
34. Observe ..... (Notice)
35. Organise ..... (Arrange)

## RE -ARRANGING WORDS TO FORM CORRECT SENTENCES

Direction: Re - arrange the following words to form sensible sentences and write the last word of each:

1. Dogs seldom bite barking.
2. Has a leaf in life he turned over new.
3. Mother is the invention of necessity.
4. Heavy rains broke down on systems of account telegraph.
5. The nipped bud must be in the evil.
6. Colours flying student in the examination come out hard working.
7. Open the door broke the thief.
8. His silver mouth was born with in spoon he.
9. The three day old students off the strike called.
10. The midnight examination days burn a lot of student during oil.
11. If you run into carelessly, debt will spend you.
12. Their parents take the children after usually.
13. Do not advise your deaf father's turn to a ear.
14. A new hit idea upon he.
15. You must cost your word at any keep.
16. Always air is in the castles building he.
17. There is a way there will is a where.
18. Spilt milk is cry over useless it to.
19. National are the children of the pillars.
20. The rod spare the children of the spoil.
21. The mare makes the go money.
22. A keeps company is known by the man he.

ANSWERS

| 1(bite) | 2(life) | 3 (invention) | 4(rains) | 5(bud) | 6(examination) 7(door) |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 8(mouth) | 9(strike) | 10 (days) | 11(debt) | 12(parents) | 13(adv | 14(idea) | 15(cost) |
| 16(air) | 17(way) | 18(milk) | 19(nation) | 20(child) | 21(go) | 22(keeps) |  |

## REARRANGING JUMBLED WORDS

1. RINSMETU
2. NAPKR
3. TEQOBUU
4. LATCSRY
5. PALEPPINE
6. HASPIM
7. RINEDKD
8. MURPHIT
9. WNOLTREAME
10. NNIPEEUSAL
11. XLLAIYRUA
12. NIENFAC
13. LEGNREA
14. RYTAMR
15. DEARGIN
16. EIEPANPPL
17. NBLAJIR
18. NBEGLA
19. NCIPRE
20. RAPOWSR
21. PNUASLENIA
22. YNABNA
$\qquad$
$\qquad$
$\qquad$
_-___
$\qquad$
$\qquad$
$\qquad$
$\qquad$
$\qquad$
$\qquad$
$\qquad$
$\qquad$
$\qquad$
$\qquad$

- 

$\qquad$
$\qquad$
$\qquad$
$\qquad$
$\qquad$
$\qquad$
23. REPOTT
24. EEPTALHN
25. NGPPIGON
26. AYIPMO
27. RAPEKESSHA
28. DHANCREMP
29. SONYNET
30. PARATIC
$\qquad$
$\qquad$
$\qquad$
$\qquad$
$\qquad$
$\qquad$
$\qquad$
$\qquad$

ANSWERS

| 1(Terminus) | 9(water melon) | 17(brinjal) | 25(ping pong) |
| :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- |
| 2(prank) | 10(peninsula) | $18($ Bengal | 26(myopia) |
| 3(bouquet) | 11(auxiliary) | $19($ Prince | 27(shake spear) |
| 4(crystal) | 12(finance) | 20(sparrow) | 28(prem chand) |
| 5(pineapple) | 13(general) | 21(peninsula) | $29($ ten |
| 6(mishap) | $14($ martyr) | 22(banyan) | yson) |
| 7(kindred) | 15(reading) | 23(potter) | 30(apricot) |
| 8(triumph) | 16(pineapple) | 24(elephant) |  |

## TEST OF VOCABULARY OR WORD POWER

1. Name the serial number in the word on the right which is more nearly antonym of the Italised word on the left.
(a) Surpass
(i) BEATEN
(ii) SUCCEED
(iii) EXCEL
(iv) SURPLUS
(b) Reward
(i) BEAT
(ii) AWARD
(iii) PUNISH
(iv) REPAY
(c) Admit
(i) PERMIT
(ii) DENY
(iii) ALLOW
(iv) CONFESS
2. Name the serial number of the word in the following groups which is most nearly synonym of the italicised word.
(a) Empty
(i) VESSEL
(ii) FULL
(iii) VACANT
(iv) CROWDEI
(a) Gallant
(i) AWARD
(ii)COWARD
(iii) SOLDIERS
(iv) BRAVE
(c) Allay
(i) KINDLE
(ii) AGITATE
(iii) PACIFY
(iv) EXCITE
3. Some words in the following groups are similar and dissimilar to the word ACQUIT. Write the serial number of similar in group A, dissimilar in group B, and those having no relationship
(a) ABSOLVE
(b) CONVICT
(c) CONDEMN
(d) FREE
(e) PRAISE
(f)LIBERATE
(g) CLEAR
(h) DESPISE
(i) SATISFY

## 4. LACERATE :

Arrange in group A the serial number of words similar in meaning to the above word and in group B
(i) REND
(ii) MEND
(iii) HEAL
(iv) RIP
(v) SEVER
(vi) SEW
5. Arrange the serial number of words in the following group keeping words similar meaning in group A and those with opposite meaning group B .
(i) OBSCURE
(ii) PPARENT
(iii) INDUBITABLI
(iv) OBVIOUS
(v)AMBIGUOUS
(vi)INDISTINCT

ANSWERS

1. (a)i (b)iii (c)ii
2. (a) iii
(b) iv (c)iii
3. $A-a, d, f, g$.
B.-b,c,h C-g,i
4. A-i,iv,v B-ii,iii,vi
5. A - i,v,vi,ii,iii,iv B. i \& ii; v \& iv

## MATHEMATICAL QUESTION

1. If three clothes are dried up in 2 hours, in how many hours can 6 clothes, hung up together, be dried up?
(a) 8 hours
(b) 3 hours
(c) 2 hours
(d) 4 hours
2. Think of a number, divide it by 4 and add 9 to it, the result is 15 . Find then number.
(a) 20
(b) 21
(c) 24
(d) none of these
3. A man starts on a motor cycle at the speed of 30 miles per hour and after every hour he takes rest for 10 minutes. If he starts at 10:30 A.M. and has to go a distance of 110 miles, at what time will he reach the destination?
(a) 2.40 P.M
(b) 3.00 P.M.
(c) 3.30 P.M.
(d) none of these
4. Find two numbers whose sum is 28 and difference 4 .
(a) 16,12
(b) 18,15
(c) 10,12
(d) none of these
5. A number increased by itself and 5 gives 17 . What is the number?
(a) 6
(b) 24
(c) 36
(d) 15
6. What number, when multiplied by itself, gives 4 more than 7 score?
(a) 15
(b) 32
(c) 12
(d) None of these
7. Two numbers which differ by 63 are composed of the same two digits in the reverse order. State the numbers.
(a) 45
(b) 23
(c) 15
(d) None of these
8. A book contains 100 pages. On each page there are 20 lines and in each line there are 10 words. How many words does that book contain?
(a) 2000
(b) 3000
(c) 15000
(d) None of these
9. A man is 5 years older than his wife, who is ten times as old as her daughter. If the daughter attains the age of 8 in 3 years' time, what is the age of the man?
(a) 34
(b) 15
(c) 35
(d) None of these
10. If 15 boats starting together, row down a distance of 60 miles in 5 hours, how many miles will be covered by 3 boats in one hour?
(a) 13
(b) 15
(c) 16
(d) None of these
11. A mother tells her daughter, 'I was your present age when you were born'. If the mother is 36 now, how old was the daughter 5 years back?
(a) 32
(b) 33
(c) 44
(d) None of these
$\begin{array}{lllllllll}1(\mathrm{C}) & 2(\mathrm{C}) & 3(\mathrm{~A}) & 4(\mathrm{~A}) & 5(\mathrm{~A}) & 6(\mathrm{D}) & 7(\mathrm{D}) & 8(\mathrm{~A}) & 9(\mathrm{D})\end{array}$ 10 (D) 11(D)

## MISSING TERMS IN FIGURES

In this chapter, we deal with questions which have a set of numbers or letters or both following a definite pattern represented pictorially. These figures could be any geometrical shapes like circle, triangle, matrices, etc. The pattern can be based on certain Mathematical operations, positional value of the letters in English alphabetical order etc. The candidate is required to find this pattern and accordingly find the missing character in the figure.

Examples given below, will give you a better idea about the types of questions asked in the various competitive exams.
Ex 1.

| $?$ | 13 | 49 |
| :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 9 | 17 | 69 |
| 13 | 11 | 59 |

(a) 9
(b) 5
(c) 10
(d) 21

Sol. (b) here, the pattern is as follows Number in third column
$=2 \times$ Number in first column
$+3 \times$ Number in second column
So, $(9 \times 2)+(17 \times 3)=69$
And $(13 \times 2)+(11 \times 3)=59$
Hence, $(? \times 2)=49-39=10$
? $=\frac{10}{2}=5$
Ex 2.



(a) 13
(b) 15
(c) 17
(19)

Sol. (b) In figure I, $25+17=42=>\frac{42}{7}=6$
In figure II, $38+18=56=>\frac{56}{7}=8$
Similarly in figure III, $89+16=105=\frac{105}{7}=15$

## PRACTICE QUESTIONS

Q 1. What will the integer in place of '?' in the given figure below?

A. 22
B. 14
C. 320
D. 32

Q2. The diagram below shows a square which has some characters in it. Based on the relationship between the given alphabets fond the '?' character.

| B | G | N |
| :--- | :--- | :--- |
| D | J | R |
| G | N | $?$ |

A. V
B. X
C. U
D. W

Q3. Two squares and the numbers are given in the figure. Find the number that will use in place of number?

A. 142
B. 127
C. 198
D. 158

Q4. In the following question, a matrix of certain characters is given. These characters follow a certain trend, row-wise or column wise. Find out this trend and choose the missing character accordingly.

| 72 | 24 | 6 |
| :--- | :--- | :--- |
| 96 | 16 | 12 |
| 108 | $?$ | 18 |

A. 12
B. 16
C. 18
D. 20

Q5. In the following question, a matrix of certain characters is given. These characters follow a certain trend, row-wise or column wise. Find out this trend and choose the missing character accordingly.

| B | G | N |
| :--- | :--- | :--- |
| D | $J$ | R |
| G | N | $?$ |

A. U
B. V
C. W
D. X

Q6. In the following question, a matrix of certain characters is given. These characters follow a certain trend, row-wise or column wise. Find out this trend and choose the missing character accordingly.

| 1 | 7 | 9 |
| :--- | :--- | :--- |
| 2 | 14 | $?$ |
| 3 | 105 | 117 |

A. 26
B. 20
C. 16
D. 12

Q7. In the following question, a matrix of certain characters is given. These characters follow a certain trend, row-wise or column wise. Find out this trend and choose the missing character accordingly.

| 1 | 4 | 9 | $?$ |
| :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- |
| 1 | 2 | 3 | 4 |
| 2 | 4 | 6 | $?$ |

A. 16,8
B. 49,7
C. 36,4
D. 25,5

Q8. Direction : Find the missing character from among the given alternatives.

A. 860
B. 1140
C. 2880
D. 3240

Q9.

A. M
B. $P$
C. Q
D. S

ANSWERS

| Ans 1:D) 32 | Ans2: D) W | Ans3:A) 142 | Ans4:A)12 | Ans5: C) W |
| :--- | :---: | :---: | :---: | ---: |
| Ans6:D) 12 | Ans 7:A) 16,8 | Ans 8:C) 2880 | Ans 9: B) P |  |

## NON - VERBAL REASONING

NUMBER ANALOGY

1. $6: 18: 4$ ?
(a) 2
(b) 6
(c) 8
(d) 16
2. $21: 3:: 574$ :?
(a) 23
(b) 82
(c) 97
(d) 113
3. $1: 1:: 25:$ ?
(a) 26
(b) 125
(c) 240
(d) 625
4. $21: 12:: 25:$ ?
(a) 1
(b) 2
(c) 6
(d) 7
5. $42: 20:: 64:$ ?
(a) 31
(b) 32
(c) 33
(d) 34
6. $7528: 5362:: 4673:$ ?
(a) 2367
(b) 2451
(c) 2531
(d) none of these
7. $25: 37:: 49:$ ?
(a) 41
(b) 56
(c) 60
(d) 65
8. $25: 125:: 36:$ ?
(a) 180
(b) 206
(c) 216
(d) 318
9. $14: 9:: 26: ?$
(a) 12
(b) 13
(c) 15
(d) 31
10. $8: 28:: 27:$ ?
(a) 8
(b) 28
(c) 64
(d) 65
11. $583: 293:: 488:$ ?
(a) 291
(b) 378
(c) 487
(d) 581
12. $7: 56:: 9:$ ?
(a) 63
(b) 81
(c) 90
(d) 99
13. $9: 8:: 16:$ ?
(a) 27
(b) 18
(c) 17
(d) 14
14. $8: 81:: 64:$ ?
(a) 125
(b) 137
(c) 525
(d) 625
15. $17: 52:: 1:$ ?
(a) 3
(b) 4
(c) 5
(d) 51

## ANSWERS

1. C
2. $B$
3. D
4. B
5. A
6. D
7. D
8. C
9. C
10. D
11. B
12. C
13. D
14. D
15. B
16. 


(a)
(b)
(c) (d)
2.

(a) (b) (c) (d)
3.

(a)
(b)
(c) (d)
4.

| $\frac{1}{2}$ | $\frac{1}{1}$ | $\frac{1}{2}$ |
| :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 2 | 2 |  |
| 2 | 2 | 2 |
| 2 | 2 | 2 |
| 1 | $\frac{1}{2}$ | $?$ |
| 2 | 2 | $?$ |


(a) (b) (c) (d)

6.

(a) (b) (c) (d)

8.

(a) (b) (c) (d)
9.

(a) (b) (c) (d)
10.

11.

12.

(a) (b) (c) (d)
13.


Answer Figures

(a) (b) (c) (d)
14.


| $\int$ | $\int$ | 6 | 6 |
| :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- |
| (a) | (b) | (c) | (d) |

15. 


16.

(a) (b) (c) (d)

## 17.


18.

(a) (b) (c) (d)
19.

20.


| 1(B) | 2(B) | 3(C) | 4(C) | 5(D) | 6(A) | 7(B) | 8(B) | 9(D) | 10(C) |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 11(A) | 12(B) | 13(B) | 14(A) | 15(D) | 16(B) | 17(D) | 18(D) | 19(D) | 20(D) |

## CUBE AND DICE

A cube or dice is a three - dimensional object bounded by six square faces or surfaces.

## CUBE

A cube is a three - dimensional figure, having 8 corners, 6 surfaces and 12 edges.


After cutting a cube, following type of smaller cubes are obtained

- $\quad$ Corner cubes $=S$ (exist at each corner)
- $\quad$ Middle cubes $=\mathrm{M}$ (exist at the middle of each edge)
- Central cubes $=\mathrm{C}$ (exist at the middle of each face)
- Nuclear cube/Inner central cube $=\mathrm{N}$ (hidden and exist at the centre of the larger cube)


## PRACTICE EXERCISE

1. How many cubes are there in this diagram?

(a) 16
(b) 12
(c) 10
(d) 8
2. How many cubes are there in the group?

(a) 10
(b) 16
(c) 18
(d) 20
3. Two position of a cube are shown below. What will come opposite to face containing ' 9 '?

(b) 4
(c) 6
(d) 4 or 6
4. Two positions of a dice are shown below when number 1 is on the top. What number will be there at the bottom?

(a) 2
(b) 3
(c) 5
(d) Data inadequate
5. What number is at the opposite of 3 in the figure shown below? The given two positions are of the same dice whose each surface bears a number among $1,2,3,4,5$ and 6 .

(a) 2
(b) 4
(c) 5
(d) 6

6. All the surfaces of the dice contain different numbers in the form of dots. Consider both the figures of dice and tell how many dots are there on the face opposite to the face that contains four dots?


(ii)
(b) 3
(d) 6
(a) 2
(c) 5
7. When number 1 is at the top, which number will come at the bottom?

(a) 1
(b) 2
(c) 3
(d) 6
8. Two positions of a dice are shown below. When there are two dots at the bottom, the number of dots at the top will be

(a) 2
(b) 3
(c) 5
(d) 6
9. Which number will appear on the face opposite to 1 ?

(a) 6
(b) 5
(c) 4
(d) 3
10. Two positions of a cube are shown below. When the face at the top has 3 dots, then how many dots will be there at bottom face?

(a) 5
(b) 1
(c) 4
(d) 2
11. Which digit will appear on the face opposite to the face with number 4?

(a) 1
(b) 2
(c) 3
(d) 4
12. Two positions of a block are shown below


When six is at the bottom, what number come at the top?
(a) 1
(b) 2
(c) 4
(d) 5
13. Three positions of a dice are given below

(i)

(ii)

(iii)

Identify the number on the face opposite to 6 .
(a) 1
(b) 4
(c) 5
(d) 7
14. Three views of a cube are given below. Which number is printed on the opposite face to number 4?

(c) 6
(d) 2
(a) 5 or 6
(b) 3
15. The following figure represents a wooden block of cube shape with 3 cm as its edge and all the face of the cube are painted black. If the cube is cut along the dotted lines and 27 new cubes are formed with a volume of 1 $\mathrm{cm}^{3}$ each. What will be the number of non-painted blocks?

(a) 1
(b) 3
(c) 6
(d) 9

Directions (Q. Nos. 16-20) In each of the following question, four positions of the same dice have been shown. You have to see these figures and select the number opposite to the number as asked in each of the question.

## 16.


(i)

(ii)

(iii)

(iv)

Which number is at the opposite face of number 5 ?
(a) 6
(b) 5
(c) 1
(d) 3
17.

(1)

(ii)

(iii)

(iv)

Which number is at the opposite face of number 2 ?
(a) 4
(b) 1
(c) 5
(d) 3
18.


Which number is at the opposite face of number 5 ?
(a) 4
(b) 6
(c) 1
(d) 3
19.

(1)

(ii)

(iii)

(iv)

Which number is on the opposite surface of number 3 ?
(a) 4
(b) 6
(c) 5
(d) 1
20.

(iv)

Which number is opposite to number 1 ?
(a) 4
(b) 6
(c) 2
(d) 3
21. How many dots lie opposite to the face having three dots, when the given figure is folded to form'a cube?

(a) 2
(b) 4
(c) 5
(d) 6

## ANSWERS

| 1. (b) | $2(\mathrm{~d})$ | $3(\mathrm{~b})$ | $4(\mathrm{c})$ | $5(\mathrm{c})$ | $6(\mathrm{~d})$ | $7(\mathrm{~d})$ | $8(\mathrm{~b})$ | $9(\mathrm{~d})$ |
| :--- | ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: |
| 10 | $10(\mathrm{a})$ |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | $11(\mathrm{c}) \quad 12(\mathrm{~d}) \quad 13(\mathrm{~b}) \quad 14(\mathrm{c}) \quad 15(\mathrm{a}) \quad 16(\mathrm{c}) \quad 17(\mathrm{~b}) \quad 18(\mathrm{c}) \quad 19(\mathrm{a}) \quad 20(\mathrm{a})$ 21(d)

## MIRROR IMAGE

The reflection of an object as seen in the mirror is called its Mirror image．In Mirror images， the top and bottom part of the image remains the same whereas the left \＆right side of the image interchanges in the mirror image．

| Digits |  | Alphabet（Big） |  |  |  | Alphabet（Small） |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  | A | A | N | и | a | 6 | n | $\pi$ |
|  |  | B | g |  |  | b | d | o | $\bigcirc$ |
| 0 | 0 | C | $\bigcirc$ |  |  | c | J | p | q |
| 1 | 「 | D | $\square$ | Q | $\bigcirc$ | d | b | q | p |
| 2 | $\checkmark$ | E | $\cdots$ | R | Я | e | 9 | r | 1 |
| 3 | $\varepsilon$ |  | 7 | S | 2 | f | 7 | s | 2 |
| 4 | ＋ |  | D |  | T | $g$ | e | t | $\pm$ |
| 5 | 己 | H | H | U | U | h | ＋ | u | N |
| 6 | д | 1 | I |  |  | i | i | $v$ | $v$ |
| 8 | 8 | J | L |  | W | j | － | w | w |
| 9 | e | K |  | X | X | k | 入 | $\times$ | x |
|  |  |  |  |  |  | I | 1 | y | V |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | z | 5 |

## PRACTICE EXERCISE

1. 

## EFFECTIVE

（1）ヨVITつヨ习习ヨ
（2）EVITCEFFE
（3）ヨ习习ヨコTIVヨ
（4）ヨVITOヨFヨヨ
a） 1
b） 2
c） 3
d） 4
2.

UTZFY6KH
（1）HK9Y
（2）$\cap \perp 57$ 人 9 KH
（3）HKa人ㄴ $\Sigma 1$ ก
（4）H»2YヲรTU
a） 1
b） 2
c） 3
d） 4

3．Choose the alternative which is closely resembles the mirror image of the given combination．
COMMUUNMMOC
A．ЈОММИUUMМОכ
B．כOWWNกกWWOכ
c．coww n n uw woc

D．coww nuwwoo

4．Choose the alternative which is closely resembles the mirror image of the given combination．

S 1 MULTANEOUS

A． $2 \mathrm{~J} W \cap \Gamma \perp \forall И E O \cap 2$

B． $\mathrm{S} \cap \mathrm{O} \exists \mathrm{N} \forall \perp 7 \cap \mathrm{NLS}$

с．2UOヨИAT」UMIて

D．2UOヨИAT」UMIて

5．Choose the alternative which is closely resembles the mirror image of the given combination．

INST1TUR3I

```
• \＆ЯUTT2И।
```

A．

B．І \＆Я TITてИ।


D． $\mid \varepsilon \cup \cap \perp I \perp S N \|$

6．Choose the alternative which is closely resembles the mirror image of the given combination．


A．



7．Choose the alternative which is closely resembles the mirror image of the given combination．


A．




8. Choose the alternative which is closely resembles the mirror image of the given combination.

A.

в.



9. Choose the alternative which is closely resembles the mirror image of the given combination.


D.

10. Choose the alternative which is closely resembles the mirror image of the given combination.
B.
C.

A.

B.

.

C.
D. None of these
11. Choose the alternative which is closely resembles the mirror image of the given combination.


A．


B．


C．

D．None of these

12．Choose the alternative which is closely resembles the mirror image of the given combination．


A．
B．


C．


D．

．

13．Choose the alternative which is closely resembles the mirror image of the given combination

## LAMBORGHINI．

A．ІиІнәяоямА」
B．ІиІнәяоям AI
c．「 $\quad$ WвовенIиI

D．INIHפyogW＊I

14．Choose the alternative which is closely resembles the mirror image of the given combination

```
hAr13YdAV!dsoh
A. N\forallんJз人q\forall^iq(%op
B. N\forallんJ3人q*へIqzor
C. HozbIVAbYEIVAH
D. Hozb!VAbYEIfAH
```

15. Choose the alternative which is closely resembles the mirror image of the given combination

## miR11TmimTm

A. $\quad$ ! BJJ $\perp$ !!m
B. $w \perp m!m \perp I I y!m$
C. $\mathrm{mTmimTII}_{\mathrm{m}}^{\mathrm{m}} \mathrm{m}$
D. None of these.

| ANSWERS |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- |
| 1. | A | 5. | A | 9. | B | A |
| 2. | D | 6. | A | 14. | D |  |
| 3. | A | 7. | C | 10. | C | 15. |
| 4. | C | 8. | B | 12. | D |  |

The reflection of an object into the water is its water image．It appears by inverting an object vertically i．e．upside down．The water image of the figure looks like the mirror image of the figure in case the mirror is horizontally at the bottom of the figure．


From the above figure，it is clear that the water image is inverted from a real a real image in which the L H S and the R H S remain at their position i．e．remains on the same side as they are in original figure but the top and bottom of the figure gets interchanged i．e．top becomes bottom and the bottom becomes the top．
In the following section we will extensively be using these two rules．
The letters which have the same water images are－C，D，E，H，I，K，O，X．The small letters which have the same water images after reflection on the surface of a water body are $\mathrm{c}, \mathrm{l}, \mathrm{o}, \mathrm{x}$ ．
Let us see some solved examples from this section．
Directions：In each of the following questions，a word／group or numbers or both are followed by four alternatives（a），（b），（c），（d）showing possible water image of that word／group of letters or numbers or both．One，out of these four alternatives，is the exact water image of that word／group of letters or numbers or both．Choose from the alternatives the correct water image of that word／group of letters or numbers or both．

Before solving the questions remember there are two main things that you need to keep in mind： A）The L H S and the R H S remain at their position i．e．remains on the same side as they are in the original figure．

## Examples

Q1：From the following choose the alternative that correctly represents the water image of the word NUCLEAR．
（1）ЂӨЕГСUИ
（2）ИПСᄀEヲG
（3）ИUC「ヨヲヒ
（4）ИПСГ Е৮জ
A） 1
B） 2
C） 3
D） 4
E）None of these

Answer：One of the most common mistakes that people make while answering the questions on water images is to confuse these questions with that of the mirror images．Remember in case of a water image the L H S and the R H S remain at their position i．e．remains on the same side as they
are in the original figure but the top and bottom of the figure get interchanged i．e．top becomes bottom and the bottom becomes the top．

Keeping this in mind，the first image should be the water image of the letter N and the last image should be a water image of the letter R．So option（1）is wrong．

A shortcut to solving these questions is to locate letters that are familiar to you and whose water images are easier for you to imagine．Suppose that letter is $L$ ，then you will see that out of the remaining three options the correct answer is either（3）or（4）as in（2）the water image of $L$ is not correct．Now if you focus on the options（3）and（4），you will see that the water image of $E$ is not correct in（3）and hence the correct option is D） 4.

Q2：Choose the option that represents the correct mirror image of b ridg e
（1）pilqde
（3）$p 1!q$ de
（2）$p \| q$ de
A） 1
B） 2
C） 3
D） 4
E）None of these

Answer：Let us recall the two rules that we have．Rule A）states that the L H S and the R H S remain at their position i．e．remains on the same side as they are in the original figure．Well，that doesn＇t help as all the options seem to be correct．Thus we consider rule B）the top and bottom of the figure gets interchanged i．e．top becomes bottom and the bottom becomes the top．Taking these two into consideration，we see that the correct option here is B） 2.
Miscellaneous Examples（Mixed Letters and Numbers）
We may also have some questions that are a combination of letters and numbers．Let us see the following．

Directions：In each of the following questions，a combination of letters and numbers is followed by four other combinations of letters and numbers showing the possible water images of the letter－number combo．Choose the correct water image of the four options．

Q1：GR98AP76ES
（1）Cb68 $\quad$ b 19 E 2
（2）Cyว8৮b9Eट

（4）свавAbゝеES
A） 1
B） 2
C） 3
D） 4
E）None of these

Answer：Using the two rules that we have，we can say that the answer to the above question is C） 3 ．

## PRACTICE EXERCISE

Q．1．Which is the correct image from the given four images？
U4P15B7
（1）$\cap \downarrow \vdash \backslash 2 B \perp$
（2）ก寸dレeB」
（3）ी寸b・セB」
（4）ก寸b•巳！
（A） 1
（B） 2
（C） 3
（D） 4
（B） 2
（D） 4
$\begin{array}{ll}\text {（A）} 1 & \text {（C）} 3\end{array}$

Q．2．Which is the correct image from the given four images．


1

2

3

4
（A） 1
（B） 2
（C） 3
（D） 4

Q．3．Which is the correct image from the given four images． rise
（1）L！ 26
（2）esir
（3） 1129
（4） 92 i 1
（A） 1
（B） 2
（C） 3
（D） 4

Q．4．Which is the correct image from the given four images．
（3）И寸 fol3
（4）И寸 f $\sigma!\varepsilon$
（A） 1
（B） 2
（C） 3
（D） 4

Q．5．Which is the correct image from the given four images．

（A） 1

（B） 2


Q．6．Find the correct image from the given four images．

（B） 2
（A） 1
（C） 3
（D） 4
Q.7. Find the correct image from the given four images.

## 96 FSH5 2

(1) едt2Неऽ
(2) 69 tZHS S
(3) $\partial$ еЕеНеऽ
(4) 69上2HS?
(A) 1
(B) 2
(C) 3
(D) 4
Q.8. Find the correct image from the given four images.

## BK 50 OR 62

(1) B>20甘695
(2) BK 20bbes
(3) BK 20ybes
(4) BKGOybes
(A) 1
(B) 2
(C) 3
(D) 4

| ANSWERS |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :---: |
| 1. C | 2.A | $3 . \mathrm{A}$ | 4 A | 5.D | $6 . \mathrm{C}$ | 7.C | $8 . \mathrm{B}$ |  |

## EMBEDDED FIGURE

A figure is said to be hidden or embedded in another figure when the one figure is contained in the other. Let us consider following two figures.


By careful observation of fig (Y), we find that fig (X) is embedded in it, as shown in the figure given below by solid line.


## TYPE I : WHEN QUESTION FIGURE EMBEDDED IN ANSWER FIGURE

In this type, the question figure is embedded in one of the answer figure. The candidate is required to find out the answer figure in which the given question figure is embedded.

Directions: In the following questions, figure (A) is embedded in any one of the four alternative figures (a), (b), (c) and (d). Find the alternative which contains figure (A) as its part.
1.

(A)

(a)

(b)

(c)

(d)

Sol. (a) careful observation, we find that the figure (A) is embedded in figure (a) as shown below.

2.


Sol. (d) By careful observation, we find that the figure (A) is embedded in figure (d) as shown below.

3.

(A)

(c)
(d)

Sol. (d) by careful observation, we find that the figure (A) is embedded in figure (d) as shown below.

TYPE II : WHEN ANSWER FIGURE EMBEDDED IN QUESTION FIGURE
In this type, one of the answer figures is embedded in question figure and that particular answer figure has be found out.

Direction : In the following question, a question Figure is given with four answer figures (a), (b), (c) and (d). Find out that answer figure which is embedded in the question figure.
4.


Sol. (a) By carefully observation, we find that the figure (a) is embedded in figure (A) as shown below.

5.

(a)

(b)

(c)

(d)

Sol. (d) By carefully observation, we find that the figure (b) is embedded in figure (A) as shown below.


Alert! There may be some questions in which the question figure is not directly embedded in any of the answer figures. In these type of questions, change the orientation of question figure to find the correct answer figure.

## PRACTICE EXERCISE

Direction (Q. 1-30): In each of the following problem, choose the alternative figure in which the problem figure is embedded.

1. Problem Figure


(a)
Answer

Figures

(b)

(c)

(d)


Figures

(a)

(c)

(d)

10. Problem

Figure
(d)

(a)

Answer
Figures

(b)

(c)

(d)
11. Problem Figure

(a)


Answer Figures
(b)

(c)

(d)
12. Problem

Figure

(a)

Answer Figures

(b)
(d)
13. Problem

Figure

14. Problem Figure
15. Problem Figure

Answer

(a)

Figures
 Answer


Figures

(a)
(b) .

Answer
16. Problem

Figure
Answer

(a)

Figures
(b)



ANSWERS

| 1. | (b) | 2. | (b) | 3. | (d) | 4. | (a) | 5. | (a) | 6. | (c) | 7. | (d) | 8. | (b) | 9. | (c) | 10. | (d) |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 11. | (c) | 12. | (b) | 13. | (b) | 14. | (a) | 15. | (b) | 16. | (a) | 17. | (b) | 18. | (d) | 19. | (d) | 20. | (b) |
| 21. | (d) | 22. | (a) | 23. | (a) | 24. | (b) | 25. | (b) | 26. | (c) | 27. | (d) | 28. | (d) | 29. | (b) | 30. | (b) |

## CLASSIFICATION

Classification is the process of putting thing or objects into a group and then finding the different object or thing that does not belong to the group.

In this chapter, we deal with questions which have a set of four/five figures, out of which all, except one, are alike or have some common nature/ characteristics. You have to select that exclusively different figure from the given set.

## Criteria for Selecting Similar - Dissimilar Figures

There are several criteria used for establishing similar characteristics between the figures, like rotation of same figure, division of figures, number of elements or line, interior - exterior consideration of elements etc.
Examples given below, will give you a better idea about the type of questions asked in various competitive exam.

Directions : Out of these five/four given fig., four/three are similar in a certain way and so, form a group. Five out of figure which does not belong to the group.
1.


Sol. (d) in all the figures except figure (d), there are two pins and three arrows. In figure (d), there are there pins and two arrows, thus it is different from the others.
2.


Sol. All the figures except figure (a) contain the same number of pins as the number of sides of pentagon and thus, have 5 pins inside in it.
Similarly, the $2^{\text {nd }}$ and $4^{\text {th }}$ figure follow the same pattern.

## PRACTICE EXERCISE

Direction : each of the following problem, out of five/ four figures, four/three are similar in a certain manner. Choose the figure which is different from the others.
1.

2.

(a)
(b)
(c)
(d)
(e)
3.

(a)
(b)
(c)
(d)
4.

(c)
(d)
(e)
5.

6.

7.

(c)
(d)
(e)
8.

9.

| $x_{x^{x} x^{x} x_{x}^{x}}$ | $x$ +++++ $x$ | $\begin{array}{r} x \\ x \\ x \times x \\ x \\ x \\ x \end{array}$ | $\int_{x}^{x} x_{x}^{x}$ | $\begin{array}{r} x \\ x^{x} x \end{array}$ |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |

10. 



## ANALOGY

When you compare two things it becomes an analogy. And in the non-verbal analogy, you compare two similar figures and find the relationship between them. You can easily master this topic because unlike other questions this one does not require any numerical skill. Also, you don't need to remember any formula while solving the question.

## Rotation of the Figures

In this type of non-verbal analogy questions, you need to establish a similarity between the first figures and then apply the same rule to the other two figures and find the missing figure. If the question is based on rotation than you need to determine how much do the figures in the question rotates in comparison each other. Once you have established the amount of rotation than you need to check on the other two i.e. one in the question and one out of the figures given in the answer to check which is the correct figure.

Example 1: Which suitable figure will replace the question mark based on the figures given in question?


In this question, we need to find the similarity between the first two figures. Looking at these two figures you can see that figure $B$ is rotated 180 to the right of the figure $A$. The same logic applies to the other two figures. From the options, you can see that when you rotate figure C by $180^{\circ}$ you will get the figure given in option 2 . Thus the correct answer is option 2.

From the given figures find the suitable figure that can replace the question mark.


Figure A and B are vertically inverted to each other. In simple terms when you see the figure A in the mirror inverted, you will see a figure similar to the one given in B. Applying the same logic, the figure in option (1) will be vertically inverted to the figure C. Thus a correct answer is an option (1).

Example 2: Establish the similar relationship between $C$ and $D$ as the one given in figure $A$ and B.


Here either side of figure A is not shaded, whereas the left side of figure B is shaded black. Similarly, figure $C$ is not at all shaded and the upper portion of figure $D$ will be shaded. Thus the correct answer here is a figure (5).

## PRACTICE EXERCISE

Q1. Which suitable figure will complete the question mark in the below figure.
*?

A. 1
B. 2
C. 3
D. 4

Q2. Based on the figures given in the question find a suitable figure from the five figures in the option.

A. 1
B. 2
C. 3
D. 4

Q3. Select a suitable figure that will replace the question mark of the figure given in the question.

A. 1
B. 2
C. 3
D. 4
E. 5

Q4. Find out missing figure (?) of the problem from the given answer figures.
Problem Figures


Q5. Find out missing figure (?) of the problem from the given answer figures.
Problem Figures

| $\begin{array}{\|l} \hline \underline{Z} \\ \frac{\ddot{Z}}{\circ} \end{array}$ |  | 法 | $?$ |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| A | B |  | D |

Answer Figures

| 或気へ | －べら」 | ᄂへ40 |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 1 | 2 | 3 | 4 |

Q6．Find out missing figure（？）of the problem from the given answer figures．

## Problem Figures


A B
B C
D


Q7．Find out missing figure（？）of the problem from the given answer figures．
Problem Figures


Answer Figures


Q8．Find out missing figure（？）of the problem from the given answer figures．
Problem Figures


Q9．Find out missing figure（？）of the problem from the given answer figures．
Problem Figures


Answer Figures


| $1(\mathrm{C})$ | $2(\mathrm{C})$ | $3(\mathrm{~B})$ | $4(2)$ | $5(3)$ | $6(3)$ | $7(3)$ | $8(3)$ |
| :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- |

## PAPER FOLDING \& CUTTING

Paper folding \& cutting problems are based on a transparent sheet which is folded along a dotted line or folded and cut (or punched) in a particular manner.
A problem based on 'Paper Folding' involves folding a transparent sheet along a dotted line. So, that the design on one side of the dotted line gets superimposed on the design on the other side.

In such type of questions, a transparent sheet having a certain design and dotted line on it is given. The candidates are required to identify the design (on pattern) that would be formed when the sheet is folded along the dotted line.

Example 1. In the following problem, a square transparent sheet with a pattern is given. Figure out from amongst the four alternatives as how the pattern would appear when the transparent sheet is folded along the dotted line.

## Transparent Sheet Answer Figures



Solution (c) The right half of the transparent sheet is being folded along the dotted line and placed on the left half of the sheet. Thus, the figure obtained resembles the answer figure (C).


Example 2. In the following questions, a set of three figures $(\mathrm{X}),(\mathrm{Y})$ and $(\mathrm{Z})$ have been given, showing a sequence in which paper is folded and finally cut from a particular section. These figures are followed by a set of answers figures marked (a), (b), (c) and (d) showing the design which the paper actually acquires when it is unfolded. You need to select the answer figure which is closest to the unfolded piece of paper.

Problem Figures


Answer Figure

(a)

(b)

(c)

(d)

Solution (d) In figure (X), the square sheet of paper is being folded along the vertical line of symmetry, so that right half of the sheet overlaps the left half. In figure ( Y ), the sheet is folded further to a quarter. In figure ( Z ), two squares are punched in the folded sheet. Clearly, the punched squares will be created in each quarter of the paper and after unfolding the first fold the figures will look as,


Then after unfolding the last fold the transparent sheet will look as given in option (d) i.e.


Example 3. A paper sheet is folded in a particular manner and several punches (cuts) are made. When unfolded the paper sheet looks like the question figures (X). From the given options selected the one that follows the manner in which the paper is folded and punched.

## Problem Figures



## Answer Figure



Solution (a) When we fold the question figure, then it looks like as answer figure (a).


## PRACTICE EXERCISE

Directions (Q. Nos. 1-12) In each of the following question, a figure marked as transparent sheet is given and followed by four answer figures, one out of these four options resembles the figures which is obtained by folding the transparent sheet along the dotted line. Find the answer from these figures.
1.


(a)

(b)

(c)

(d)
2.


| 0 |
| :--- |
| 0 |
| 0 |
| 0 |

(a)

(c)
(d)
3.


(a)
(b)
(c)
(d)
4.


(a)

(b)

(c)

(d)
5.

(a)
(b)
(c)
(d)
6.

(a)
(b)
(c)
(d)
8.


(a)
(b)
(c)
(d)
10.

11.

(a)

(b)

(c)

(d)
11.

(a)

(b)

12.

(a) (b)
(c)
(d)
13. If the following pattern is drawn on a transparent rectangular sheet and folded along the dotted line, how does it appear?
Problem Figure


Answer Figures

(a)
(b)
(c)
(d)
14. Problem Figures


Answer Figures

15. Problem Figures


## Answer Figures


(a)

(b)

(c)

(d)
16. Problem Figures


## Answer Figures


(a)

(b)

(c)

(d)
17. Problem Figures


## Answer Figures


18. Problem Figures


## Answer Figures


(a)

(b)

(c)

(d)
19. Problem Figures


Answer Figures

20. Problem Figures


## Answer Figures


(a)

(b)

(c)

(d)
21. Problem Figures ${ }^{*}$


Answer Figures

(a)

(b)

(c)

(d)

| 1.(a) | 2.(c) | 3.(d) | 4.(d) | 5.(a) | 6.(b) | 7.(a) | 8.(c) | 9.(a) |
| :--- | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | ---: |
| 10.(b) | $11 .(\mathrm{d})$ | $12 .(\mathrm{c})$ | $13 .(\mathrm{d})$ | $14 .(\mathrm{d})$ | $15 .(\mathrm{b})$ | $16 .(\mathrm{c})$ | $17 .(\mathrm{b})$ | 18.(a) |
| 19.(b) | $20 .(\mathrm{c})$ | $21 .(\mathrm{a})$ |  |  |  |  |  |  |

## PICTURE SERIES

Series is a continuous sequence of figures following a certain defined pattern.
A series of figures is formed when each of the consecutive figures of the series is obtained from the previous figure by following a certain pattern like clockwise or antilock wise rotation, movement of symbols inside the figure, addition or deletion of designs etc.

The problems based on series consist of four/five figures following a definite sequence forming a set of problem figures followed by four/five other figures forming a set of answer figures. You are required to select one of the figures from the set of answer figures which will continue the same sequence correctly.

To solve questions on series a candidate must have a clear vision on the concept like rotation, angles, steps of movement, different positions etc. which are discussed below

## 1. Rotational Direction

The rotational direction basically states the clockwise (in the direction of motion of clock's hands) and anti - clockwise (opposite to the direction of motion of clock's hands) directions.



Anti-clockwise movement

## 2. Position of Designs

The candidate should be aware of the designs and their positions to gauge their movement.
Different positions have been marked in the given figure.


## 3. Angular Movement of Designs

The candidate should be aware the angular movement of designs in clockwise and anti clockwise directions. Clockwise and anti - clockwise movement of angle is shown in the given figure.

Clockwise movement


$$
\begin{array}{ll}
\mathrm{A} \rightarrow \mathrm{~B}=45^{\circ}, & \mathrm{A} \rightarrow \mathrm{C}=90^{\circ} \\
\mathrm{A} \rightarrow \mathrm{D}=135^{\circ}, & \mathrm{A} \rightarrow \mathrm{E}=180^{\circ}
\end{array}
$$

$$
\begin{array}{ll}
\mathrm{A} \rightarrow \mathrm{~F}=225^{\circ}, & \mathrm{A} \rightarrow \mathrm{G}=270^{\circ} \\
\mathrm{A} \rightarrow \mathrm{H}=315^{\circ}, & \mathrm{A} \rightarrow \mathrm{~A}=360^{\circ}
\end{array}
$$

## Anti-clockwise movement



$$
\begin{array}{ll}
\mathrm{A} \rightarrow \mathrm{H}=45^{\circ}, & \mathrm{A} \rightarrow \mathrm{G}=90^{\circ} \\
\mathrm{A} \rightarrow \mathrm{~F}=135^{\circ}, & \mathrm{A} \rightarrow \mathrm{E}=180^{\circ} \\
\mathrm{A} \rightarrow \mathrm{D}=225^{\circ}, & \mathrm{A} \rightarrow \mathrm{C}=270^{\circ} \\
\mathrm{A} \rightarrow \mathrm{~B}=315^{\circ}, & \mathrm{A} \rightarrow \mathrm{~A}=360^{\circ}
\end{array}
$$

## 4. Movement of Designs through Distance

The clockwise and antilock wise movement of designs through in clockwise and anti clockwise directions are shown below.


$$
\begin{aligned}
& \mathrm{A} \rightarrow \mathrm{~B}=\frac{1}{2} \mathrm{arm} / \mathrm{step} \\
& \mathrm{~A} \rightarrow \mathrm{C}=1 \mathrm{arm} / \mathrm{step} \\
& \mathrm{~A} \rightarrow \mathrm{D}=1 \frac{1}{2} \mathrm{arms} / \mathrm{steps} \\
& \mathrm{~A} \rightarrow \mathrm{E}=2 \mathrm{arms} / \mathrm{steps} \\
& \mathrm{~A} \rightarrow \mathrm{~F}=2 \frac{1}{2} \mathrm{arms} / \mathrm{steps} \\
& \mathrm{~A} \rightarrow \mathrm{G}=3 \mathrm{arms} / \mathrm{steps} \\
& \mathrm{~A} \rightarrow \mathrm{H}=3 \frac{1}{2} \mathrm{arms} / \mathrm{steps} \\
& \mathrm{~A} \rightarrow \mathrm{~A}=4 \mathrm{arms} / \mathrm{steps}
\end{aligned}
$$

Anti-clockwise movement

$\mathrm{A} \rightarrow \mathrm{H}=\frac{1}{2} \mathrm{arm} / \mathrm{step}, \quad \mathrm{A} \rightarrow \mathrm{G}=1 \mathrm{arm} / \mathrm{step}$
$\mathrm{A} \rightarrow \mathrm{F}=1 \frac{1}{2} \mathrm{arms} / \mathrm{steps}, \mathrm{A} \rightarrow \mathrm{E}=2 \mathrm{arms} /$ steps
$\mathrm{A} \rightarrow \mathrm{D}=2 \frac{1}{2} \mathrm{arms} /$ steps, $\mathrm{A} \rightarrow \mathrm{C}=3 \mathrm{arms} /$ steps
$A \rightarrow B=3 \frac{1}{2} \mathrm{arms} /$ steps, $A \rightarrow A=4 \mathrm{arms} /$ steps
5. Movement of designs through angle and distance

The concept of angular movement and movement of though distance can be combined together and described as below


From the given figure, $45^{\circ}=\frac{1}{2}$ step,
$90^{\circ}=1$ step, $135^{\circ}=1 \frac{1}{2}$ step, $180^{\circ}=2$ steps and so on.
These concepts will be very helpful in solving the problems based on symmetry and visual designs.

Directions: (Ex 1-5) Each of the following questions consists of four/five figures as the problem figures followed by four/ five figures marked (a), (b), (c), (d) and (e) as the answer figures. Select correct answer figure which will continue the series as established by the problem figures.

Ex. 1.
Problem Figure


## Answer Figure



Solution (b) In each successive problem figure, a pin is added on the left hand side of existing pin/pins. The head of the pin is in a direction opposite to adjacent pin.

Ex. 2.

## Problem Figure



## Answer Figure



Solution (d) In each successive problem figure, the element at the bottom middle position changes its positing changes its position and a new element comes at its place.

Ex. 3.
Problem Figures


Answer Figure


Solution (b) In each successive problem figures, two three, four,... elements are added and the previous elements/designs rotate through $180^{\circ}$.

Ex. 4.
Problem Figures


Answer Figure


Solution (e) In each successive figure, the lowermost line segment is converted into curve. In the second step, the second line segment also gets converted into a curve and the existing curve is invested. This process continues and the curve from bottom gets converted into a straight line segment.
Ex. 5.

## Problem Figure



Answer Figure

(a)

(b)

(c)

(d)

Solution (a) In each successive figure, the number of arrows in top left corner in increases by one and the number of dots in top right corner decreases by one. The arrow in bottom left corner rotates 90 degree in clockwise direction and changes its position from left to right block.

## PRACTICE EXERCISE

## 1. Problem Figures



Answer Figures

(a)
(b)
(c)

## 2. Problem Figures



Answer Figures


## 3. Problem Figures



Answer Figures

(a) (b)
(c)
(d)
(e)
4. Problem Figures


Answer Figures


## 5. Problem Figures



## Answer Figures


(a) (b)
(c)
(d)
(e)

## 6. Problem Figures



## Answer Figures


7. Problem Figures


Answer Figures

8. Problem Figures


Answer Figures

(a)

(b)

(c)

(d)

(e)
9. Problem Figures


Answer Figures

(a)
(b)
(c)
(d)
(e)
10. Problem Figures


## Answer Figures


(a)

(b)

(c)

(d)
(e)

## 11. Problem Figures



Answer Figures

(a)
(b)
(c)
(d)
(e)
12. Problem Figures


Answer Figures

(a)

(b)

(c)

(d)
13. Problem Figures

Answer Figures


## 14. Problem Figures

| 1 | 4 | 6 | 5 | 4 | 3 | 4 | 3 | 5 | 6 | 3 | 7 | 3 | 7 | 6 |
| :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- |
| 3 | 7 | 5 | 6 | 7 | 1 | 7 | 1 | 6 | 5 | 1 | 4 | 1 | 4 | 5 |

## Answer Figures

| 7 | 6 | 3 | 5 | 4 | 1 | 5 | 7 | 1 | 5 | 7 | 1 | 5 | 7 | 1 |
| :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- |
| 4 | 5 | 1 | 6 | 7 | 3 | 3 | 4 | 6 | 6 | 4 | 3 | 6 | 4 | 2 |

(a)
(b)
(c)
(d)
(e)
15. Problem Figures


Answer Figures

(a)
(b)
(c)
(d)
(e)
16. Problem Figures


Ansswer Figures

(a)
(b)
(c)
(d)
17. Problem Figures

| 3 | $A$ | $\rightarrow$ | -1 | $\perp$ | $\vdash$ | $U$ | $T$ | $C$ |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- |
| $c$ | $T$ | $W$ | 0 | $M$ | $\nu$ | $\leftarrow$ | 3 | $\uparrow$ | 3 |

Answer Figures

(a)
(b)
(c)
(d)
(e)
18. Problem Figures

| LIVER | RLIVE | CRDIE | ECRDI | PEARI |
| :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- |

## Answer Figures

| IEPAR | ZPRJI | IPEAR | ZPJRI | IPAER |
| :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- |

(a)
(b)
(c)
(d)
(e)
19. Problem Figures


Answer Figures

| $=$ | $S$ | 0 | $S$ | $=$ | $B$ | $=$ | $S$ | $B$ | $=$ |
| :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- |
| $S$ | 0 | $=$ | $S$ | $\bullet$ |  |  |  |  |  |
| $\star$ | 0 | $\star$ | 0 | $\star$ | 0 | $\star$ | $B$ | $\star$ | 0 |
| $\Delta$ |  | $\Delta$ |  | $\Delta$ |  | $\Delta$ |  | $\Delta$ |  |

(a)
(b)
(c)
(d)
(e)
20. Problem Figures


## Answer Figures


(a)
(b)
(c)
(d)
(e)
21. Problem Figures


## Answer Figures


(a)
(b)
(c)
(d)
(e)
22. Problem Figures


## Answer Figures


(a)
(b)
(c)
(d)
(e)
23. Problem Figures


Answer Figures

(a)
(b)
(c)
(d)
(e)

ANSWERS

| $1(b)$ | $2(c)$ | $3(a)$ | $4(c)$ | $5(a)$ | $6(a)$ | $7(c)$ | $8(a)$ |
| :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| $9(a)$ | $10(c)$ | $11(c)$ | $12(d)$ | $13(b)$ | $14(d)$ | $15(e)$ | $16(c)$ |
| $17(d)$ | $18(c)$ | $19(e)$ | $20(e)$ | $21(e)$ | $22(b)$ | $23(b)$ |  |

## SERIES COMPLETION (JUMBLE SERIES)

In this series, some of the Letters/Numbers/Words are missing, which are given in that order and one of the alternatives below it. Choose the correct alternative :-

## For Example

R__,_, $\mathrm{E}, \ldots, \ldots, O R R O \_$,__
(a) OSESSE
(c) EEROSS
(b) OSSEER
(d) None of these

Sol. ROSE/ ESOR/ROSE

## PRACTICE

Q1. PR__V__SHH____V__RP__R__VE__H
(a) AESEAPAS
(c) AVSSAPPV
(b) HHSEPRRA
(d) None of these

Q2. 99___042__973__790__409__9999__4__097__
(a) 900729023
(c) 90329023
(b) 320927009
(d) None of these

Q3. F $\qquad$ MA FF $\qquad$ E
(a) LELLM
(c) LAEME
(b) LAEMA
(d) None of these

Q4. 1__1__86__89__7__ _ 71__86
(a) 7961119
(c) 1796186
(b) 1976187
(d) None of these

Q5. 15__201__1__52__191__52__19
(a) 5121551
(c) 5020550
(b) 5020550
(d) None of these

Q6. WE $\qquad$ ESD $\qquad$ Y $\qquad$ ENDEWW $\qquad$ NES $\qquad$ Y
(a) DNAYADSEDDA
(b) ENNNNSSYEAA
(c) ENDAENSYWENEA
(d) None of these

## ANSWERS

1. (a)
2. (c)
3. 

(a)
4.
(a)
5. (a)
6. (a)

